

# THE SALT LAKE HERALD

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1904

CHADWICK WOMAN IS

this course of procedure, but Mrs. Chadwick insists that she be given free

In case this plan is carried out Mrs.

waive examination and go to Clevelano

Statement of Counsel.

Carnegie Ill.

MRS. CHADWICK INDICTED.

Work on the Case.

Chadwick. Each indictment contains

The grand jury was in session the

Subpoenas Issued.

with subpoenas duces tecum were issued for Iri Reynolds, secretary and

treasurer of the Wade Park bank, who

of securities on which Mrs. Chadwick

many loans. A subpoena was also issued for H. W. Bell, a receiver of Mrs.

plaintiff in a suit for a large sum against Mrs. Chadwick. Both will be

commanded to bring before the jurors all the securities in their possession

earing the signature of Andrew Car-

Prosecutor Keeler, after the indict-

ment against Mrs. Chadwick had been

returned, announced the hope of securing indictments against other per-

said to have managed to obtain her

is expected to ted of the vast amou

ceted it was announced by Pros

\$250,000.

nesses were heard.

without further formality.

Will Go Back to Ohio Voluntarily and Stand

Trial.

Blooded Schemer.

.AST EDITION. WEATHER FOR SALT LAKE

Partly Cloudy; Snow Flurries

The Metals. Silver, 6046 per ounce. Copper (casting), 1446 per pound. Lead, in ore, \$3.50; New York, \$4.60.

# SENSATIONAL TESTIMONY BEFORE SMOOT COMMITTEE

George Reynolds Tells of Plural Marriage Since the Manifesto.

John Henry Hamlin Testifies That He Believed His Sister Lillian Had Been Married by President Smith Since the Manifesto.

\* (Special to The Herald.)

Washington, D. C., Dec. 12.—The appetite of the members of the senate committee on privileges and elections for Mormon sensations ap-

senate committee on privileges and elections for Mormon sensations apparently has become satiated, for but four members of the committee were in attendance upon today's hearing in the Smoot case.

Among the spectators were familiar faces of many women who attended every session of the hearing last winter, and gathered about Smoot was the same group of friends, Representative Howell. Counsellor Richards, Private Secretary Badger, Lawyer's Van Cott and Worthington, who sat with him at every day's hearing last session.

In addition to witnesses other visitors at today's hearing from

In addition to witnesses other visitors at today's hearing from Utah were Republican Chairman Spry and Attorney Booth and their wives, Professors Hickman and Brinhall of the Brigham Young university at Provo. Miss Anna McKean White, who campaigned through Idaho against Mormonism last fail, was also in attendance.

The small attendance of members of the committee was commented upon, especially as it was noticed that Depew, Dillingham, Beveridge, Bailey, Hopkins and Pettus, all members of the committee, were at the capitol while the hearing was in progress, but did not put in an appearance

Much interest was taken in the breezy testimony of Dr. Buckley, who recounted his experiences with the Mormons on the occasion of his various visits to Salt Lake City. He ended his testimony by telling various nice things which had been told him about Smoot by Mormons and Gentiles, Democrats and Republicans.

case of Senator Reed Smoot before the senate committee on privileges and elections. The committee resumed its first witness was Rev. J. M. Buckley, editor of the Christian Advocate of New York, who told of a Mormon meeting he attended in Sait Lake last summer, in which President Joseph Smith declared he would not give up his plural wives. his plural wives.

George Reynolds, a high official of

the church, testified in regard to the ceremonies that have taken place in the endowment house and concerning ecclesiastical divorces granted by the church, and John Herry Hamlin told of the plural marriage of his sister Lillian Hamlin to Apostle Abram Cannon, which ceremony he said he understood to have been performed by President Smith since the manifests of President Smith since the manifesto of 1890. Most of the testimony related to the inside church policy, but did not connect Senator Smoot with any of the alleged violations of state or national The committee adjourned

# PROCEEDINGS IN FULL.

tions. The room was crowded, women predominating among the spectators as was the case last session. Senator oot arrived early, accompanied by Waldemar Van Cott, a Salt Lake attorney, who is assisting A. S. Worthington of this city in the conduct of the defense. Judge Franklin S. Richards of Salt Lake, adviser to Mormon witnesses, and Mr. Worthington also present. Former Representative R. W. Tayler of Ohio acted again as the counsel for the protestants. When the hearing opened the members of the committee present were Senators Bur-lows, chairman; Foraker, Dubois, Pet-

Noted Divine on the Stand.

The first witness called by Mr. Taylor was Rev. J. M. Buckley, D. D., of Morristown, N. J., editor of the Christian Advocate of New York. Dr. Buckley told of visits to Utah in 1901 and again last June. At that time he Young Men's and Young Women's unions of Mormonism. Those who unions of Mormonism. Those who spoke were Brigham H. Roberts, Elmira S. Taylor and President Smith. The audience was estimated by the witness at 11,000 persons. The line of inquiry introduced by Attorney Tayler concerning the meeting was in reference to what had been said at the con vention about the polygamous cohabi-

# Quoted President Smith.

The witness said this subject had not been discussed by Mr. Roberts or Mr. Taylor, but the former told of "President Smith's unequal conflict with the government," in connection with the estimony given last winter before the privileges and elections committee. Dr. written concerning the convention and so that few divorces of the quoted from the speech of President granted," said the witness. Emith on the subject of marriage. The witness said that for ten or fifteen min- accused?" Ltes President Smith had talked of the responsibilities of marriage and how the contract is regarded by many per-

"Then," said Dr. Buckley, "President Smith drew himself to his full height and spoke on the subject of divorce tiren had been given him by God and were saints of God. He deplored the mother-in-law jokes and said that his own mothers-in-law were the best friends he ever had; that they were true women worthy of their daugh-

## Polygamy Not Adultery.

Dr. Buckley read from another article on this meeting which said that Pres-ldent Smith's voice rang out "as strong as William J. Bryan's" as he defended Mormon marriage and declared that polygamy was not adultery, but a system of marriage.

President Smith was quoted by the witness as saying that he could not give up any of his wives; that it meant eternal damnation to abandon a multiplicity of wives. Dr. Buckley said he had made in-

quiry concerning Senator Smoot and he had found no one who said one word against him. Everywhere, the witness said, "Senator Smoot was given an exteilent character."

# Remembered the Words.

On cross-examination Mr. Worthingion brought out that the statement quoted from President Smith's speech had not been reduced to writing unti a day or two later, but the witness declared himself able to remember so perfectly that he can make verbatim tuotations from speeches two or three weeks after they are delivered.

# George Reynolds Testifies.

George Reynolds, a Mormon living in balt Lake, testified that he is the first assistant superintendent of the Mor-

ASHINGTON, Dec. 12.-Three wit- | mon church Sunday school society and nesses were heard today in the case of Senator Reed Smoot before case of Senator Reed Smoot before consists committee on privileges and be recorder of the endowment house, in cases where widows sought to obtain pensions. He made the certificates from records in his possession, but these records he said had since been removed to the temple and he has not eccess to them now.

### Brigham Young's Threat.

Mr. Reynolds resumed the stand this afternoon and testified that the president of the church has always the pow er to issue ecclesiastical divorces. Mr. Tayler read from the republished address of Brigham Young, on the ques-tion of the unhappiness of first wives after plural marriages had been contracted by their husbands. In this address President Young said he was going to give all women until Oct. 1 (date of address was not offered in evidence), to decide whether, they wanted to ac-Room Was Crowded When the Hearing Began.

The building of a santarium, the linitial cost of which is to be \$500,cent, approximately \$140,000, of the mittee of the creditors. They heard
the event that they did not want to accept the doctrines, President Young

One, the piping into the city of the strong one than the argument of the conclusion that he was

# Mr. Reynolds' Opinion.

Mr. Tayler asked Mr. Reynolds if that omise to the women related to Presdent Young's authority to divorce. The ritness said that he thought that President Young did not mean that. 'Then what did he mean?"

"I think he was talking as a man who was annoyed and did not mean what he said," replied Mr. Reynolds. Continuing, he said the action of the president was based on the same auing on earth," referring to divorces and

# Marriage With the Dead.

In answer to questions by Senator Overman, Mr. Reynolds said that marriages were performed with dead per-sons in the endowment house. Mr. Tayler then asked if divorces

ere granted in the endowment house. 'The church grants divorces to those who have been married for time and eternity, but does not divorce legal marriages until the courts have acted." said Mr. Reynolds. "Plural marriages are not recognized by courts and therefore the church does not consult the court in granting divorces in cases of such marriages."

# Dead Men Divorced.

say," said the witness.

tunity to be heard?" the senator asked. 'No, sir; it is because such cases are ickley read from an article he had held to be unjust to the dead accused, so that few divorces of this kind are 'Is anyone appointed to defend the

"Never: but the complainant is given hearing if satisfactory evidence is furnished to the church.'

"Then it is purely ex parte?"
"Purely so."

Senator Overman was attempting to ring out what assurance a man may have of meeting his several wives in the enterprise, as the idea is to heaven if divorces are granted after his death, when a recess of the committee parts of the country.

Tayler showed the witness a contract of separation, between George T. and Ellen Watson, which Mr. Rey-colds acknwledged he executed in 1897.

Sensational Testimony. 'Are you a polygamist?" Mr. Tayler

'Yes, sir," answered Mr. Reynolds. 'Have you any children married in

I believe so; one daughter.' "To whom is she married?"
"If married, it is to Benjamin

The witness explained that the marriage had taken place in Mexico, but that he had no knowledge of the cerecony, and never had made any inout by Mr. Taylor that the witness had of the marriage because he believed the marriage to be a plural one.

Has Two Living Wives.

Mr. Reynolds testified that he had twenty-six children. He gave the names of the seven presidents of the eventies, of which he is fourth in rank. Three of the seven were polygamists. He (Reynolds) had two wives now. "If you were to marry any woman omorrow which would be your legal

(Continued on Page 2.)



Sanitarium to Be Built at Beck's Hot Springs.

WARM SPRINGS WILL BE USED

SALT WATER TO BE PIPED IN FROM THE GREAT LAKE.

undertaking now under way with amle backing to make of Salt Lake a health resort as important as Hot Springs, Ark., Colorado Springs, Colo.,

any point on the Pacific coast.

The negotiations upon which this cheme is based are drawing to a ose in Chicago; the money nterprise is ready and only the minor etals remain to be carried out. Few persons in Salt Lake have a conception of the magnitude of the enterprise planned. In point of importance, it is aid by those famillar with the plans to second only to the construction of a ew railroad into the city. Ultimately it may prove more important to the upbuilding of the city even than a new

What the Proposition Means.

In a general way the scheme includes he erection of a hotel and sanitarium t Hot Springs to cost a half million ilars, and to be so constructed that ings may be added later without inerfering with the architectural beauty of the building. A pipe line from the lake will carry the invigorating salt water to the sanitarium. There in a large pool visitors are expected to get ractically all the pleasure heretofore

erived from a visit to Saltair. The water from Warm Springs is also Senator Foraker asked if such di-vorces were granted from dead per-original idea was to secure a long lease side and slightly wounded, and from the on the Warm Springs property from fact that he heard one of the men cry "In a few instances only, I should the city and establish the sanitarium out: "Oh, God, I'm shot, Joe," Yetter "For something done after death or before?" the senator asked.
"In life time."
"Is the dead person given an oppor"Is the dead person given an opporthe forty acres of ground surround-

ig Beck's Hot Springs. By this plan the sanitarium will have the waters of both the springs with all their fine medicinal properties, the It water from the lake and clear, cold spring water from the nearby hills The plan also involves the improvement of the ground in an elaborate manner In addition to all this a branch of the street railway is to be extended to the springs for the accommodation of the people of the city. It is expected all railroads centering in Salt Lake wil co-operate to a greater or lesser extent

Big Men of Four Cities Interested. The names of the men who are put-

ting up the capital for the enterprise are not made public at this time. They clude wealthy men in New whether the marriage he dissolved was Chicago, Colorado Springs and Salt Lake. E. W. Woodcock of Chicago has been one of the prime movers in the matter. He has been in Chicago for some time past working on the proposition. He writes the local men interested that the deal is practically closed. He will be in Salt Lake later in the nonth to close up this end of the busi-

> The local promoters of the enterprise anticipate great things for the city from this sanitarium. The invig-crating climate, the high altitude, the wild winters and the great variety of

# relation was severed in about 1871. The endowment house was torn down if 1890, but the temple is now used for the same purpose. Mr. Reynolds told the committee that he has given certificates of marriage since he ceased to be recorder of the endowment house in

HEALTH RESORT Zion Is Out of Debt and the Ward of the Self-Styled Prophet and Apostle Made Good in a Financial Way,

CHICAGO, Dec. R.—Zion City has paid the final installment on the big debt which a year ago involved it in sensational bankruptcy proceedings and threatened to wreck the gibered 1,100, and the aggregate amount of their claims footed as \$425,000. gantic enterprise established by John Alexander Dowie. Checks were sent out today by Deacon C. J. Barnard, head of the financial department of the gangle amount of their claims footed up \$435,000.

Judge Kohlsaat appointed receivers and they took charge of Zion. Dowie protested that he could pay the debt in a year if the receivers were removed. THE building of a sanitarium, the Zion, in payment of the final 40 per moved.

tioned Judge Kohlsaat for the appoint- months and the balance in a

Room Was Crowded When the Hearings of the church. In the event teachings of the critical tools of which is to be \$500, on the critical tools of which is to be \$1400,000.

The power teaching of the critical tools of which i miles further north, are factors in an number of creditors of Zion City peti- months, another 25 per cent in nine ment of receivers for the Zion institu- The receivers were discharged. Down At that moment affairs had an kept his agreement to the letter and dingly gloomy outlook. Mrs. paid 100 cents on the dollar of every

# exceedingly gloomy outlook. Mrs. paid 100 cents Dowie was in Europe, and reports had ciaim involved. WAITING TO HOLD UP SPOKANE FLYER

Four Masked and Heavily Armed Bandits Surprised by a Youth With a Winchester-Flight After Ex-

change of Shots.

flyer on the Oregon Railroad & Navigation company's line at Montavilla hands. Instead of complying, he swung switch just east of the city limits of Portland tonight were met by a young man named Bert Yetter, who was re-turning from a hunting trip. Yetter was carrying a Winchester rifle and when seen by the bandits was com-manded to throw up his hands. The young fellow refused to do so and the robbers, opened fire on him, which ide and slightly wounded, and from the Eastern capitalists objected to thinks that one of his bullets took ef-an. They would not invest a fect. The night was pitch dark, and

Masked and Heavily Armed.

Montavilla switch he suddenly the white switch light change

PORTLAND, Ore., Dec. 12.—Four dim light he could see were masked and heavily armed men waiting to hold up the Spokane waiting to hold up the Spokane As soon as they discovered him the bandits levelled their weapons on him the Winchester into position, but be heard a sharp report and felt a sting-ing sensation in his side.

He was slightly stunned by the force of the bullet, but recovered himself

just as one of the men turned and fired at him again. Yetter says that he fired in the direction of the flash and heard the robber cry out in pain.

# Robbers Ran Away.

The robbers had already started to run when they fired the last shot, but as Yetter was considerably weakened by loss of blood, he was unable to pursue the men and they escaped.
Yetter tried to make his way to the

street car line which runs into Portland, but his progress was slow. Yetter states that he was walking his way to the car line he was met by long the track and when nearing the a farmer who had been attracted by the sound of the firing, and this man took white to green. He continued on along the track and when near the light was horrified to see four men, who, in the he told his story.

# TWO MINERS KILLED of reinforcing Rojestvensky, and declar-ing that the admiral before starting for the far east expected that this would be Cave-in in Highland Boy Brings PROMINENT GEORGIA

Death to Men Working Below.

# CAPTAIN CLADO PERSISTS.

In a cave-in which occurred early yesterday morning at the Highland Boy mine. Bingham canyon, two men were filled and three injured. The exact cause of the cave-in could not be learned last night, although it was reported that a slide of earth on the fifth level was responsible. The dead and injured are Austrians. The dead:

Mat Lourie, aged 27, single.
Louis Kotto, aged 32, single.
Eric Vickland was crushed by the debris but will live.

The bodies of the two dead men had not been recovered last evening.

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 12.—A special to the Constitution from Jackson, Miss., says:
A sensation has been created by the indictment of Dr. H. T. Montgomery, a member of the legislature, and J. C. Bryant and J. B. Willis, member of the board of county supervisors of Lincoln durity. On the charge of whitecapping. More than 400 indictments have been found against alleged whitecappers, those indicted including a number of the wealthiest citizens of Lincoln county. The society is directed against negroes, and death is the penalty for violation of the onstitution from Jackson, Miss., says:

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 12.—A special to the Constitution from Jackson, Miss., says:

A sensation has been created by the indictment of Dr. H. T. Montgomery, a member of the legislature, and J. C. Bryant and J. B. Willis, member of the legislature, and J. C. Bryant and J. B. Willis, member of the legislature, and J. C. Bryant and J. B. Willis, member of the legislature, and J. C. Bryant an

Republic Suffers From Tyranny of Powerful Neighbor.

# CITIZEN INDICTED

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 12.-A special to the constitution from Jackson, Miss., says:

crating climate, the high altitude, the wild winters and the great variety of waters, some of them recommended by medical experts as a cure for various maladies—all favor the location of a great sanitarium at this point. The naterial benefits that the city is to cujoy as the fruit of this enterprise are emphasized by those familiar with all the details of the plan.

OVERCOME BY SMOKE.

New York, Dec. 12—Several firement were overcome by smoke, renants of mearby houses were driven in their night clothes to the cold streets and damage to the extent of \$15,000 was done by a fire early today in a five-story building occupied by Hopple Androvetti, important of the Brooklyn bridge.

Reiterates What He Said Regardless of Consequences.

Reiterates What He Said Regardless of Consequences.

Sc. Petersburg, Dec. 12, 7 a. m.—The captain to a mere perfunctory arrest for breach of discipline, and possibly to be limits of a mere perfunctory arrest for breach of discipline, and possibly to be come a ce-chrated case in Russia. The Novoe Vremya this morning outspokeally takes up the captain's demand for a courtmartial, declaring that both as an honorable officer and as an expert naval critic Captain Clado spoke nothing but the truth, which should be clearly presented to the nation, and adds:

"Foreign reports of the sinking of the remnant of the Port Arthur squadron after early today in a five-story building occupied by Hopple Androvetti, important of the proposed of the Brooklyn bridge.

More remarkable still, the Russ simultaneously prints a letter over Captain of interesting the has previously said concerning the necessity publics and cannot respond to the call."

### 9:30 o'cock tomorrow morning. Notes in Evidence.

T. K. Whitney, son of one of the stockholders of the Citizens' National bank of Oberlin, today presented to the cury the \$500,000 note with the alleged signature of Andrew Carnegie. note is dated two days earlier than the one for \$250,000, and is made payable at the National Bank of Commerce There has been an absence of certaint; as to the existence of such a note With the possible exception of Mrs Chadwick, Spear and Beckwith having had a glimpse of it, it had never been seen, not even by Mr. Whitney himself, until it was produced before the grand jury this afternoon. The note had been placed in an envelope, which in turn vas in a second envelope and the two into a third envelope and sealed. Some dispute between Beckwith and Spear as to the ownership of the note is un-Chadwick had presented it to the bank officials as security for money, and it was decided to put it into Whitney's possession as trustee. The latter did

The other note for \$250,000 which figured in the testimony was made payble at Mr. Carnegie's office in New York City.

not know at the time that it was not

The maximum penalty for the offense charged in the indictment is twenty years upon conviction.

# IRI REYNOLDS' STORY.

More Duplicity on the Part of the Chadwick Woman.

Cleveland, O., Dec. 12.—Trouble for Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick increased at a rapid rate today. She was twice indicted by the grand jury of Cuyahoga county and

### Iri Reynolds, Before the Grand Jury, Told the Story of How He Wss Roped In and Robbed by the Cold-

UNDER INDICTMENT

NEW YORK. Dec. 12.—Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick was overwhelmed by the developments of her case in Cleveland today, and the statement was made by one close to her that she would probably give up the fight here and return to Cleveland tomorrow night in the custody of United States officers. She did not anticipate the double indictment which was found against her by the Cuyahoga county grand jury, after the failure of the Loraine county grand jury to find probable cause of action.

Willing to Go Back.

Mrs. Chadwick is of the opinion that

# Mrs. Chadwick is of the opinion that

Two Counts in Each.

The formal indictments voted against Mrs. Chadwick this afternoon are based, one upon the Carnegie note for \$250.000, which was made payable at the office of Andrew Carnegie in New York City, and the other upon the Carnegie note for \$300.000, which was payable at the National Bank of Commerce in New York. Under each indictment are two counts, one charging forgery, the other uttering of forged paper.

Information of the indictments was at once wired to New York by County Prosecutor Keeler, and he requested that Ars. Chadwick be immediately re-arrested if she secured bail on the other charges hanging over net.

The examination of Iri Reynolds, treasurer of the Wade Park bank, before Referer Remington in the bankruptcy court today, failed to disclose any asset that might be secured by Receiver Loeser, appointed by the federal courts but brought from Mr. Reynolds, in reby to questions; "She told me she was the illegitimate daughter of Andrew Carnegie." Two Counts in Each. if she must face these charges she will be far better off in her home city than in New York. It is known that her counsel have strongly advised against Chadwick will notify United States Commissioner Shields tomorrow, through her counsel, of her desire to

Mr. Shields will then sign the necessary papers and deliver them to United States Marshal Henkel, who will personally take the woman to Cleveland on the earliest available Philip Carpenter, of her counsel, when questioned tonight on the matter

## Believed the Woman.

"I think it possible that Mrs. Chadwick may go to Cleveland tomorrow or Wednesday."
He refused to discuss the indictments found against his client in Cuyahoga county, simply saying:
"Mrs. Chadwick is not fearful of the result. She is entirely innocent of any crime." wick I believed from what she told me that Andrew Carnegie was backing her and all her indebtedness would be paid."

He then added: "And I have not had anything yet to make me doubt it."

Mr. Reynolds was asked if he knew of Mrs. Chadwick ever having diamonds, and he replied that he had seen diamonds that had been pledged in New York and were inventoried at \$8,000. He had also seen them at the house. They were contained in several trays in a box, and Mr. Reynolds caused a ripple of laughter in the court room when he said:

"They were as lide and pretty a lot of pearls and diamonds as you ever saw." He did not know, however, where they were now. It was said at the residence of Andrew Carnegie tonight that he would be unable to go to Cleveland to

the trip.
One of Mr. Carnegie's secretaries Volunteered Much. The witness appeared anxious to help the officials in every way, and volun-teered much information. One question caused him to brindle somewhat, how-ever, and in reply he was most pathetic. He was asked how much his personal loans to her amounted to, and in trem-bling vales with amotion, he said: oling voice, with emotion, he said:
"Please excuse me from answering that, am willing to tell all I know of this affair, but I'm going to stay right here in Cleveland; I'm not going to run away."
I'm going to stay here and take my nedicine. I want to see the other debts a long talk with George Ryall, at-torney for Herbert D. Newton, of

Mrs. Chadwick appears to be enjoy Mr. Reynolds said he had known Mrs. Chadwick seven or eight years, and Dr. Chadwick all his life. In detailing how he came into possession of the \$5,000,000 note bearing the name of Andrew Carnegie, he said: "Mrs. Chadwick called me to the house, I think it was March 5, 1903, and said she wished to intrust to me some securities. She said she had been advised to place them in the possession of a third party, and she wanted me to take care of them." ing the best of health now, and says she will be in good condition to meet the legal complications in Cleveland. Grand Jury at Cleveland Still at Cleveland, O., Dec. 12.—The grand jury of Cuyahoga county has returned two indictments against Mrs. Cassie L.

# Identified the Note.

This is the package that was opened last Friday night in the presence of Mr. Reynolds and Attorney Stearn by Attorney Andrew Squire. The package was produced in court and Mr. Reynolds identified the Carnegie note, the mortgage deed and the copies of an alleged trust agreement. Continuing, the witness said: "She then handed me a paper to sign." This paper witness did not have with him, but as near as he could remember it read: "I certify that I hold in trust for Mrs. two counts, one of forgery and one of uttering forged paper. The indictments relate, one to the Carnegie note of \$500,and the other to the note for greater part of the day, and five wil-As soon as the indictments had been "I certify that I hold in trust for Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick securities and a note for \$5,000,000." Mr. Reynolds would not swear to the wording, but it was to that Keeler that the jury would further consider the Chadwick case and forth-

The note was not indorsed, but he had The note was not indorsed, but he had no doubt that the alleged maker of the note was back of the woman. The contents of the package were identified separately by Mr. Reynolds, and at the request of the examining counsel he marked each paper as an exhibit. The \$5,000,000 note was marked "Exhibit A," and this is the first time it had been seen outside of the numerous lawyers interested.

### of the numerous lawyers interested Were Not Steel Bonds.

Chadwick's property, who was ap-pointed by the state court under the action of Banker Newton of Boston, Asked as to the other transactions sub-equent to 1903, Mr. Reynolds said: "There is one. It is a little banking ecret, but I am willing to tell all. She ame to me. I think it was in 1904, and "There is one. It is a little banking secret, but I am willing to tell all. She came to me. I think it was in 1904, and said she had \$12,000 in paper, payable at the Prudential Trust company. If I would let her have the money she would put up United States Steel bonds in the morning as collateral. I consulted by company, and with their consent loaned her the money. The next day she brought a package, which she said contained \$200,000 in United States Steel bonds and a \$250,000 certificate, which I was to hold in trust for her under the same conditions as the previous package. I held these until a month ago, when in the presence of several gentlemen they were opened. It was about the time Mr. Newton began his suit. They contained bonds all right, but they were not Steel bonds."

When asked what they were, Mr. Reynolds said: "There were five \$1,900 bonds of the Home Telegraph company of Niagara, N. Y., and six certificates of the Buckeye Fish company." sons who have been concerned in the affair. The grand jury will resume consideration of the Chadwick case at

# Always Put Him Off.

Repeated efforts on Mr. Reneylds' part to close up the dealings with Mrs. Chadwick met with excuse and delay. He was put off time after time, yet did not lose confidence. He detailed one instance, that on May 11, 1294, when he went to New York expecting to settle the entire affair. Mrs. Chadwick was inconsultation with a number of lawyers, and after walting two days he returned to Cleveland without seeing her. yers, and after waiting two days he returned to Cleveland without seeing her. He had read the trust agreement but had never seen the signature. Ars. Chadwick had told him the original was in the package he held. He confidently believed everything would be paid, up to a week ago, and had no suspicion of anything wrong until a few days before Mr. Newton brought his suit. Then his attorney, Mr. Carver of Boston, called at the Wade Park bank and said he understood he held some Steel securities of Mrs. Chadwick's and showed him a paper assigning all her right and title in Reynolds' holdings.

Some Notes Were Paid.

# Some Notes Were Paid.

Some Notes Were Paid.

Several notes of \$10,000 each, payable to Dr. Chadwick, had been taken up by Mr. Reynolds. He declared they were payable out of any moneys that might have been on credit to Mrs. Chadwick in the First National bank of Cleveland on Aug. 20. Some of these were paid, and in February or March, 1994, money was placed to her credit in this Jank. Mr. Reynolds thought the money came from the east to pay all these, and felt assured that what he held was all right.

He was further assured when Judge

(Continued on Page 2.)